

PERÚ: On the road to financial inclusion

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General coordinator of Proyecto Capital

Outline

1. What is Proyecto Capital?
2. Main milestones in the implementation in Perú
3. What did Proyecto Capital achieve so far?
4. What's next?

What is Proyecto Capital?

Proyecto Capital is the strategy that promotes and supports public policies' implementation processes and private initiatives that link social protection and financial inclusion, as part of the set of rights that vulnerable populations needs to improve the economic security and transforming their lives.

Technical Assistance

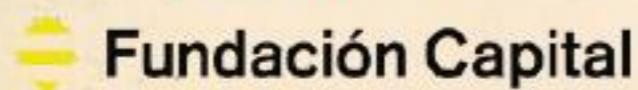
Creation of knowledge

Debate and incidence/
Advocacy

Where we work?



Is a joint initiative of



Proyecto Capital
es implementado
en Perú por



Main milestones in the implementation process in Perú



Myth

1



Financial Inclusion = Having a bank account

Myth: Financial Inclusion = Bank Account



Since 2009, all users have been receiving CCT through a bank account at Banco de la Nación

But

In 2011, a survey showed that just 3.9% users know they had a bank account.

Financial Education for the right use of financial services



Training through storytelling - ISFE Strategy (2012)



Effects of Financial Education

- The percent of women who know they have a savings account in Banco de la Nación increased from **6.1% to 31.5%**.
- The percent of women who know their savings are protected in a bank increased from **1% to 24%**.
- **63% of women** who know what a voucher is.

Source: Savings Promotion Pilot - JUNTOS CCT Program

Myth

2



**People living
in poverty
CAN'T
save**

Proyecto Capital Strategy in Peru

Proof the hypothesis (Savings Promotion Pilot)



Less than **2.5% women save** in formal financial system.

20.8% women of treatment group save in a bank or "caja"
(In comparison with the 1.1% women of control group).

Source: Savings Promotion Pilot - JUNTOS CCT Program

Myth

3



Financial
System
CAN'T
understand
people living
in poverty



Barriers to access to the formal financial system



Despite progress,
financial system
is absent in 44%
of 1046 districts
across the country



High transaction costs



Difficulties in accesing



Lack of trust



e-Wallet system

- Bim platform "Modelo Peru"
- Access in rural areas
- Interoperability
- Customized for unbanked people



3

What did Proyecto Capital achieve so far?

What's next?



Support to
design public
policies



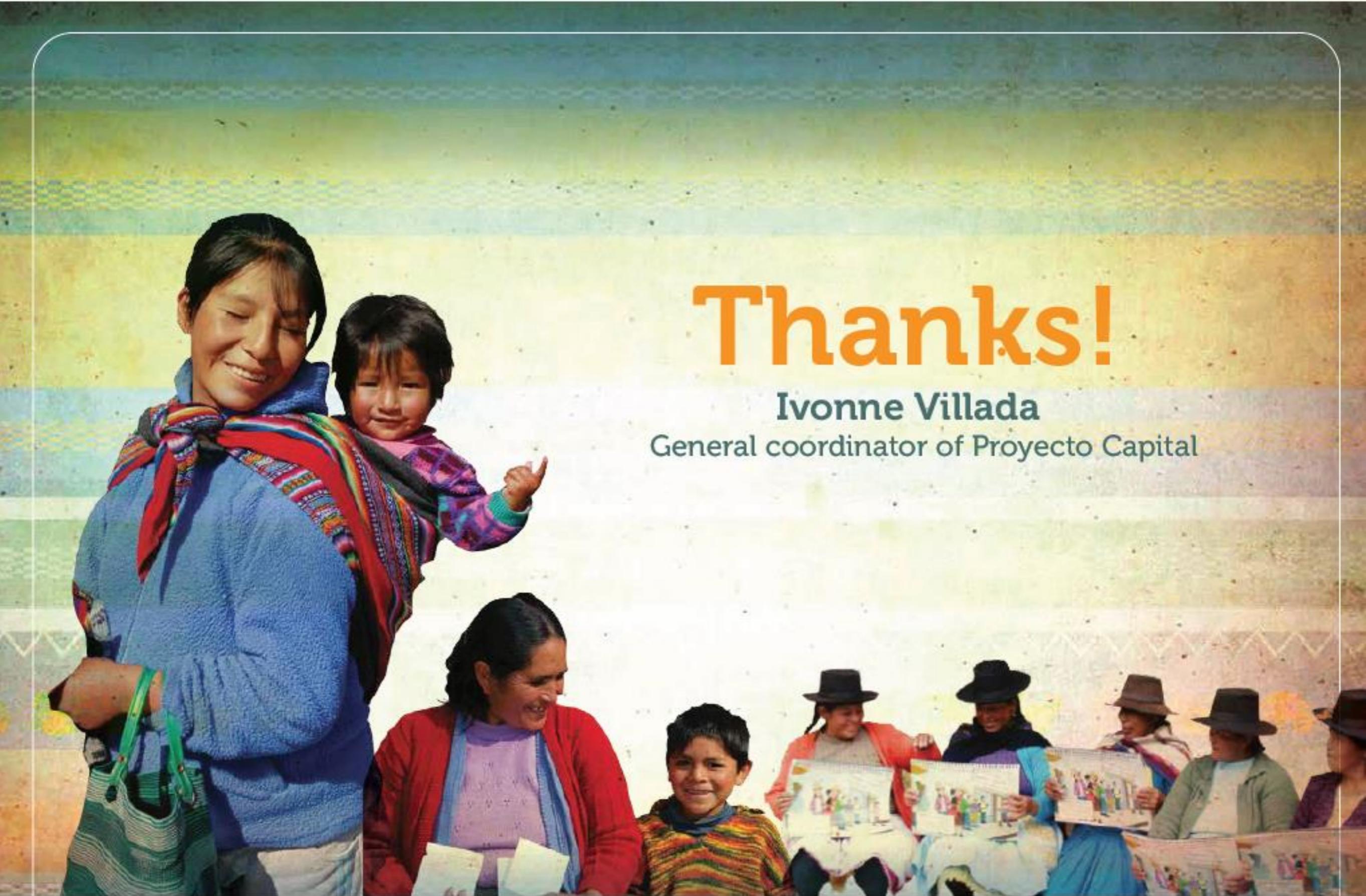
Keep building
evidence to
support and
improve



Train and
motivate



Evaluate



Thanks!

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